

Finding Memory errors in MPI applications

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Overview

- Introduction to
 - § MPI 2.2
 - § Open MPI
 - § Valgrind
- Memchecker Component for Memory checking in Open MPI
- MPI application Checks available
- Conclusion



Introduction to MPI-2.2

- MPI is the standard for efficient, scalable parallelization paradigm and has been shown to worn on PFlops machines (IBM BlueGene, Cray XEs, Linux)
- The current official standard version is MPI-2.2.
- E.g.: Usage of buffers, that are to be send immediately (non-blocking): Sold: may not be read or written to by the application. New: may be read from by the application. Ş
- This affects the usage of the memchecker tool, as we will see.



About Open MPI

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- Features of Open MPI:
 - Full MPI-2.1 implementation,
 - Fast, reliable and extensible,
 - Production-grade code quality as a base for research.
- Current status:
 - Stable: v1.4.3 since Oct. 5th.
 - Feature: v1.5 since Oct. 10th.

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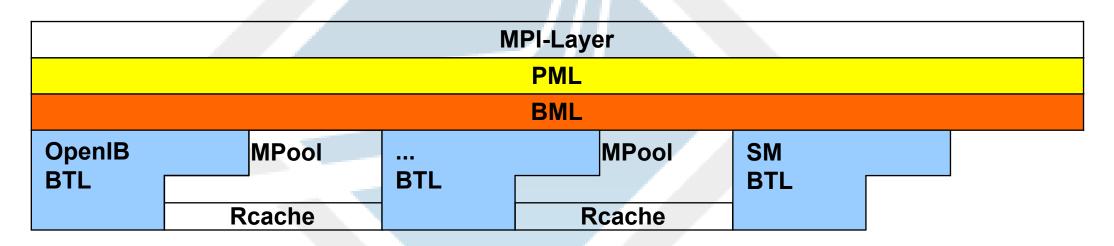






Open MPI Architecture

- The Modular Component Architecture (MCA -- think plugin) allows:
 - Dynamically load available modules and check for hardware
 - Select best modules and unload others (e.g. if hw not available)
 - Fast indirect calls into each component.



- Very versatile setup for varying installations (ship one RPM)
- Allows easy integration of new functionality



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Introduction into Valgrind

- An Open-Source Debugging & Profiling tool
- Works with dynamically & statically linked applications
- Emulates CPU: i.e. executes instructions on a synthetic x86/Opteron/Power
- It's easily configurable to ease debugging & profiling through tools:
 - Cachegrind: A memory & cache profiler Š
 - Helgrind: Find Races in multithreaded programs
 - Callgrind: A Cache & Call-tree profiler §
 - **Memcheck**: Every memory access is being checked... Ş



Introduction into Valgrind

- Memcheck tool scans for:
 - § Use of uninitialized memory
 - § Malloc Errors:
 - Usage of free'd memory
 - Double free
 - Reading/writing past malloc'd memory
 - Lost memory pointers
 - Mismatched malloc/new & free/delete
 - § Stack write errors
 - **§** Overlapping arguments to system functions like memcpy.

• Why not use this functionality for MPI checking purposes?

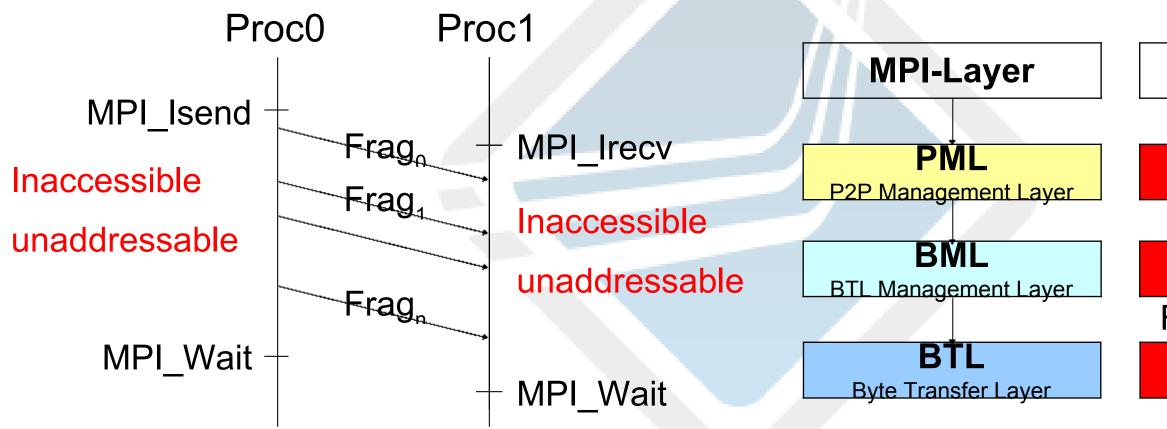


Open MPI valgrind extension

- Detect application's memory violation of MPI-standard:
 - § Application's usage of undefined data
 - § Application's memory access due to MPI-semantics
- Detect Non-blocking/One-sided communication errors:
 - § Functions in BTL layer for both communications
 - Set memory accessibility independent of MPI operations
 - § i.e. only set accessibility for the fragment to be sent/received
- MPI object checking:
 - S Check definedness of MPI objects that passing to MPI API
 - MPI Status, MPI Comm, MPI Request and MPI Datatype Š
 - Could be disabled for better performance Ş



Non-blocking send/receive buffer error checking





Buffer

not accessible

not accessible



- Access to buffer under control of MPI: MPI Irecv (buffer, SIZE, MPI CHAR, ..., & request); buffer[1] = 4711; MPI Wait (&request, &status);
- Side note: CRC-based methods do not reliably catch these cases.
- Memory that is outside receive buffer is overwritten : buffer = malloc(SIZE * sizeof(MPI_CHAR)); memset (buffer, SIZE * sizeof(MPI_CHAR), 0); MPI_Recv(buffer, SIZE+1, MPI_CHAR, ..., &status);
- Side note: MPI-1, p21, rationale of overflow situations: "no memory that outside the receive buffer will ever be overwritten."



- Usage of the Undefined Memory passed from Open MPI MPI_Wait(&request, &status);
 if (status.MPI_ERROR != MPI_SUCCESS)
- Side note: This field should remain undefined.
 - § MPI-1, p22 (not needed for calls that return only one status)
 - § MPI-2, p24 (Clarification of status in single-completion calls).
- Write to buffer before accumulate is finished : MPI_Accumulate(A, NROWS*NCOLS, MPI_INT, 1, 0, 1, expose, MPI_SUM, win);

```
A[0][1] = 4711;
```

```
MPI_Win_fence(0, win);
```



)).

- Non-blocking buffer accessed/modified before finished MPI_Isend (buffer, SIZE, MPI_INT, ..., &request); buffer[1] = 4711;MPI_Wait (&req, &status);
- The standard does **now** allow **read** access:

```
MPI Isend (buffer, SIZE, MPI INT, ..., &request);
result[1] = buffer[1];
MPI_Wait (&request, &status);
```

- Historic side note:
 - § MPI-1, p30, Rationale for restrictive access rules; "allows better performance on some systems".





Open MPI memchecker extension

buffer[1]

• To allow this checking (and more), valgrind extensions:

```
MPI_Isend (buffer, SIZE, MPI_INT, ..., &request);

result[1] = buffer[1];

MPI_Wait (&request, &status);
```



Thank You

• Thank You very much!

